



## Apport du modèle hamster syrien à la compréhension de la COVID-19 : Anosmie et validation thérapeutique

Nicolas Meunier, Unité Virologie et Immunités Moléculaires, Equipe Coronavirus, INRAe Jouy En Josas

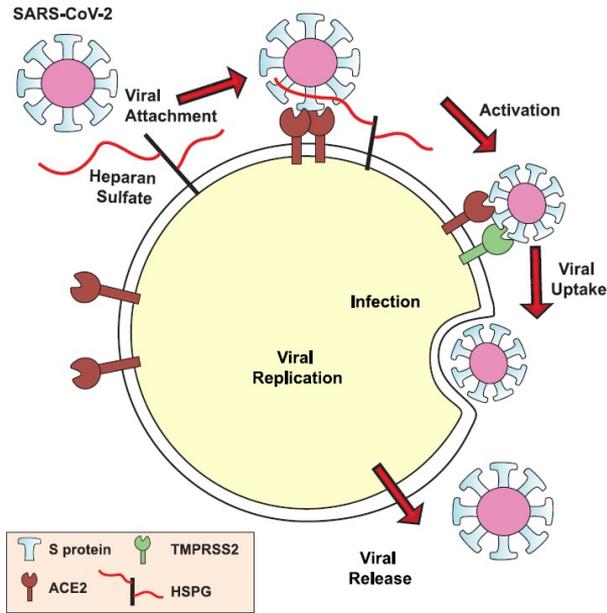
## Déclaration de liens d'intérêt avec les industries de santé en rapport avec le thème de la présentation (loi du 04/03/2002) :

**Intervenant :** Nicolas Meunier

**Titre:** Apport du modèle hamster syrien à la compréhension de la COVID-19 : Anosmie et validation thérapeutique

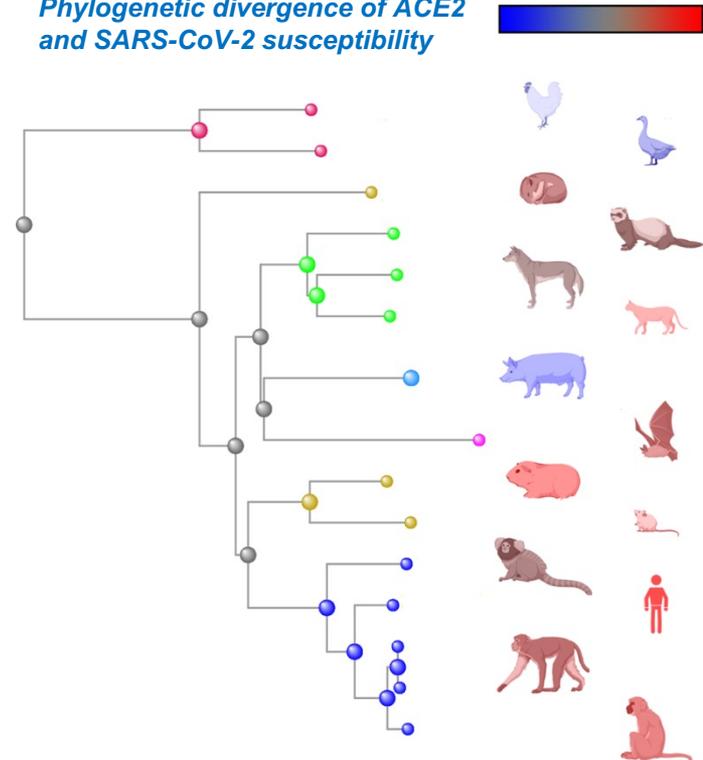
- |  |                              |   |
|--|------------------------------|---|
|  Consultant ou membre d'un conseil scientifique  | <input type="checkbox"/> OUI | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NON |
|  Conférencier ou auteur/rédacteur rémunéré d'articles ou documents   | <input type="checkbox"/> OUI | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NON |
|  Prise en charge de frais de voyage, d'hébergement ou d'inscription à des congrès ou autres manifestations | <input type="checkbox"/> OUI | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NON |
|  Investigateur principal d'une recherche ou d'une étude clinique   | <input type="checkbox"/> OUI | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NON |

# Les récepteurs d'entrée du SARS-CoV-2



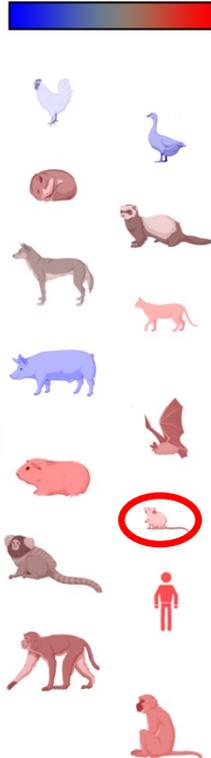
Clausen et al. (2020) SARS-CoV-2 Infection Depends on Cellular Heparan Sulfate and ACE2. *Cell*

## Phylogenetic divergence of ACE2 and SARS-CoV-2 susceptibility

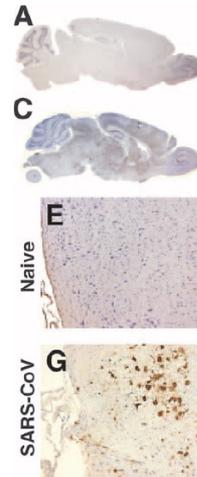
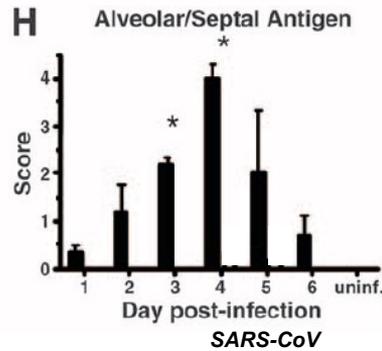


Johansen et al. (2020) Animal and translational models of SARS-CoV-2 infection and COVID-19. *Mucosal Immuno*

# Modèle animal: Souris



Humanized mice for ACE2 with a large expression panel

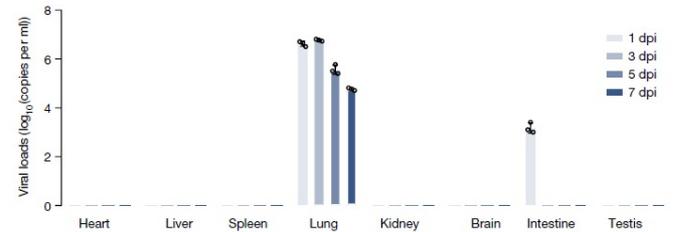
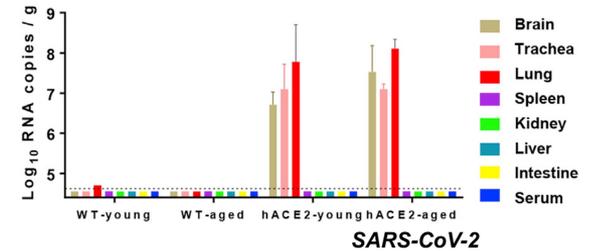


Symptoms allowing development of vaccines and antiviral compounds

Presence of the virus into the brain  
Death by encephalopathies

Netland et al. (2008) Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus infection causes neuronal death in the absence of encephalitis in mice transgenic for human ACE2. *J Virol*

Humanized mice for ACE2 with ACE2 endogenous promoter (SARS-CoV-2)

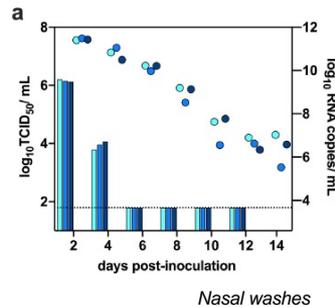
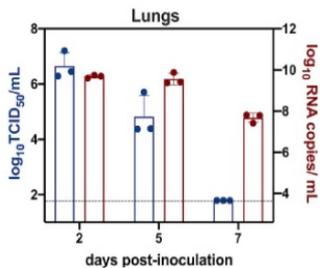
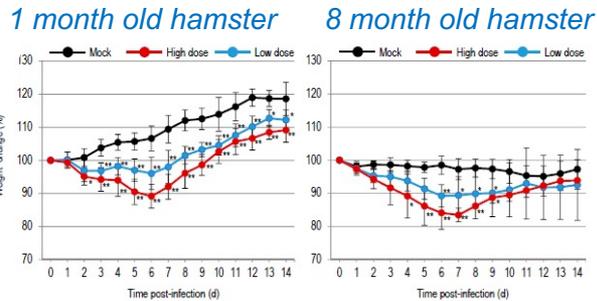


Symptoms allowing development of vaccines and antiviral compounds  
Potential presence of the virus into the brain  
No reflection of age susceptibility

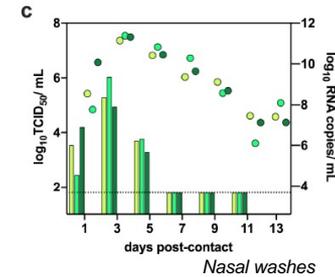
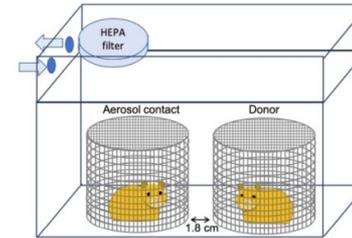
Sun et al. (2020) A Mouse Model of SARS-CoV-2 Infection and Pathogenesis. *Cell Host Microbe*  
Bao et al. (2020) The pathogenicity of SARS-CoV-2 in hACE2 transgenic mice. *Nature*

# Modèle animal: Hamster

## Nasal Instillation

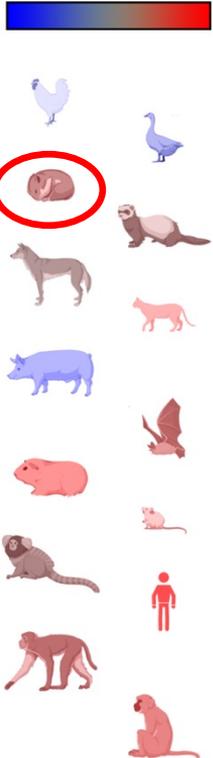


## Airborne transmission

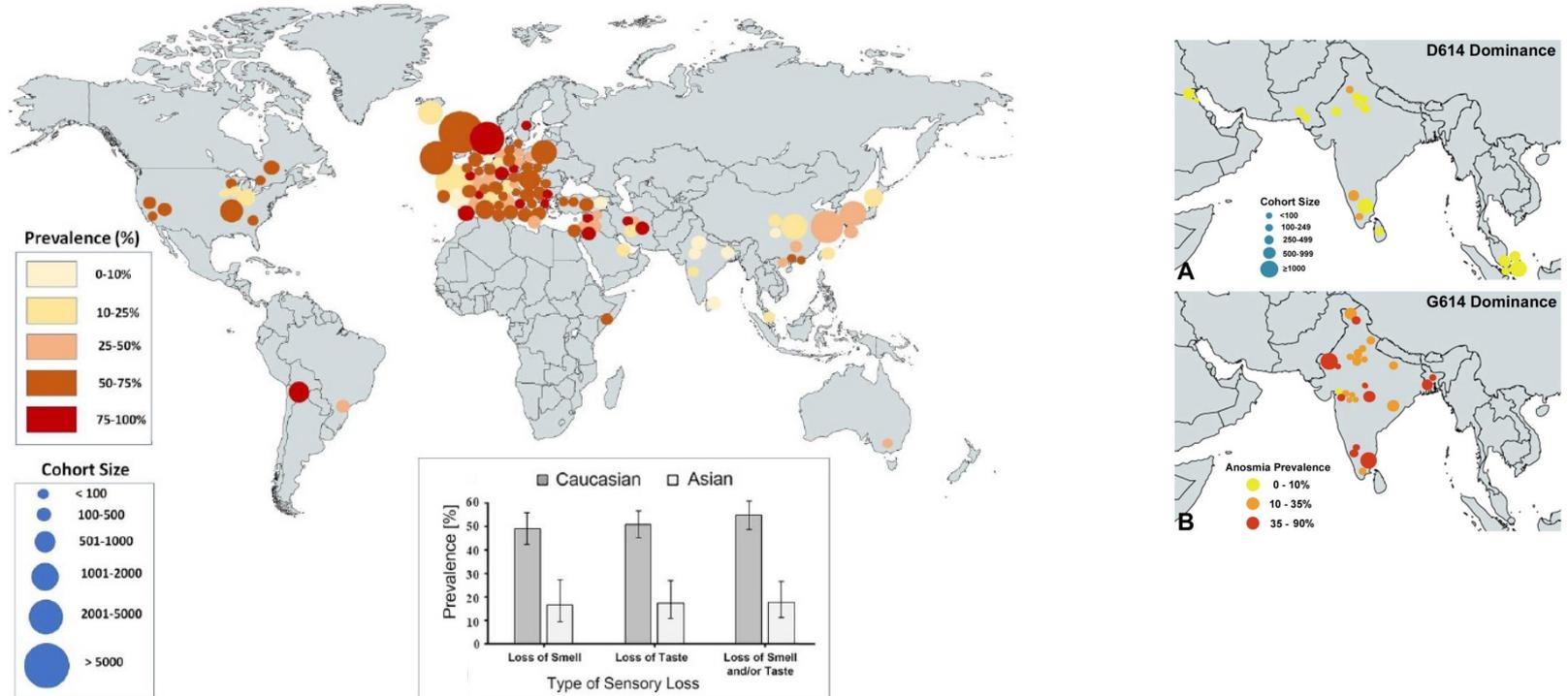


Symptoms allowing development of vaccines and antiviral compounds  
 Transmission of SARS-CoV-2 by aerosols  
 Pathophysiology similar to mild case in humans

Mild symptoms

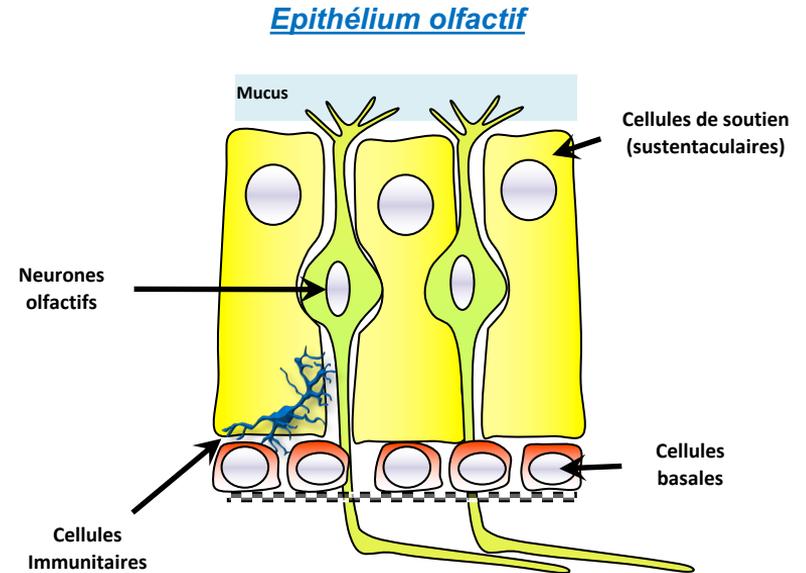
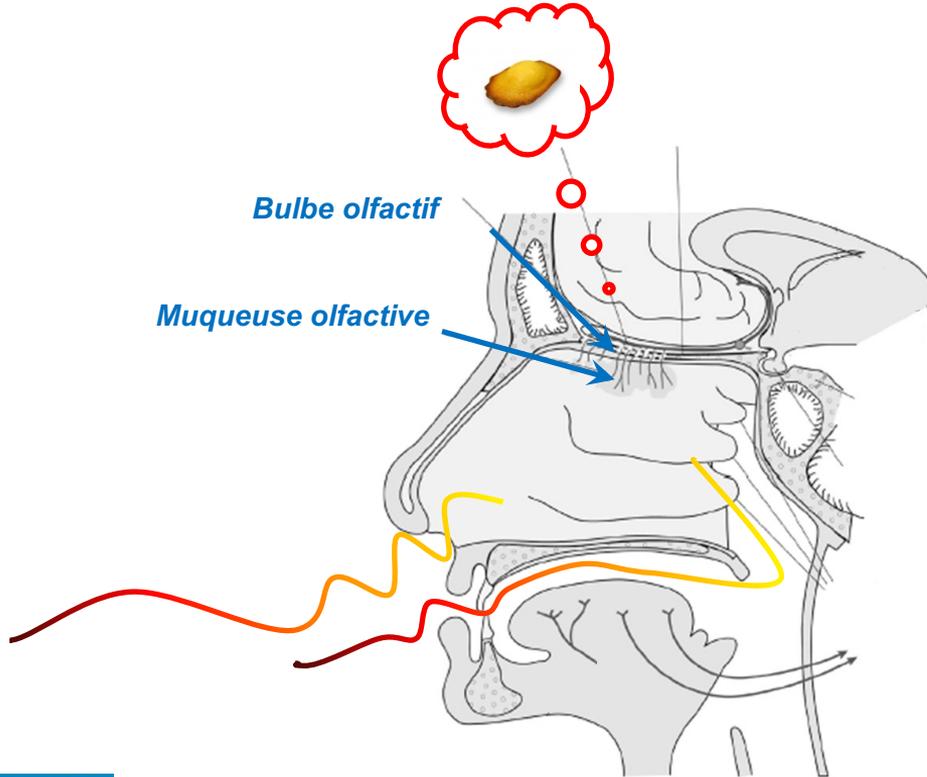


# Prévalence de l'anosmie liée à la COVID-19

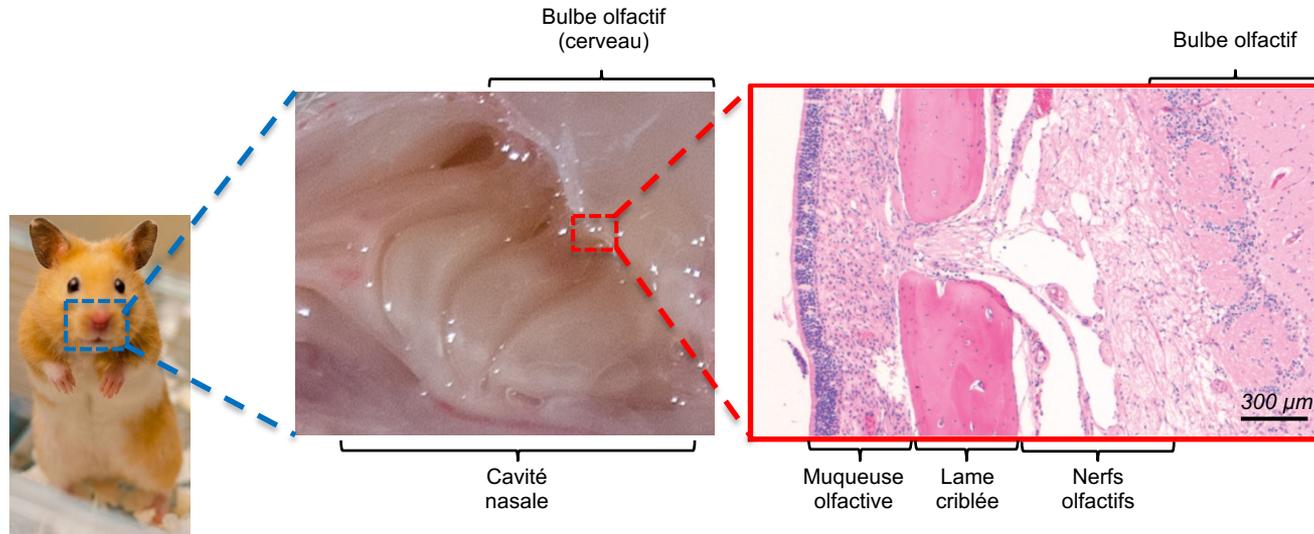


von Bartheld, C. S., et al. (2021). "The D614G virus mutation enhances anosmia in COVID-19 patients: Evidence from a systematic review and meta-analysis of studies from South Asia." 2021.2008.2011.21261934.

# Comment débute l'olfaction ?



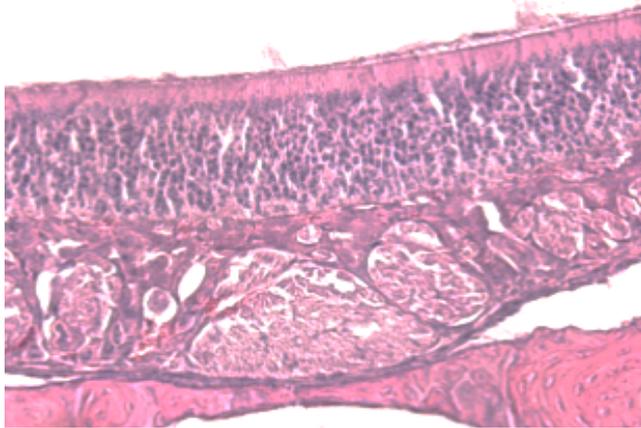
# La muqueuse olfactive, une porte d'entrée des virus vers le cerveau ?



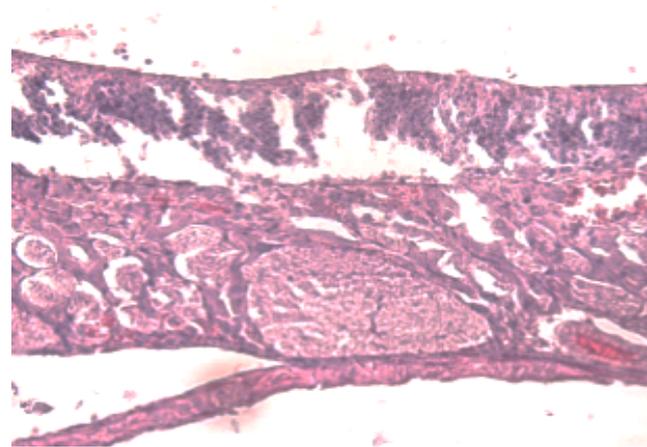
# Impact histologique d'une instillation nasale du SARS-CoV-2 chez le hamster

OE

LP

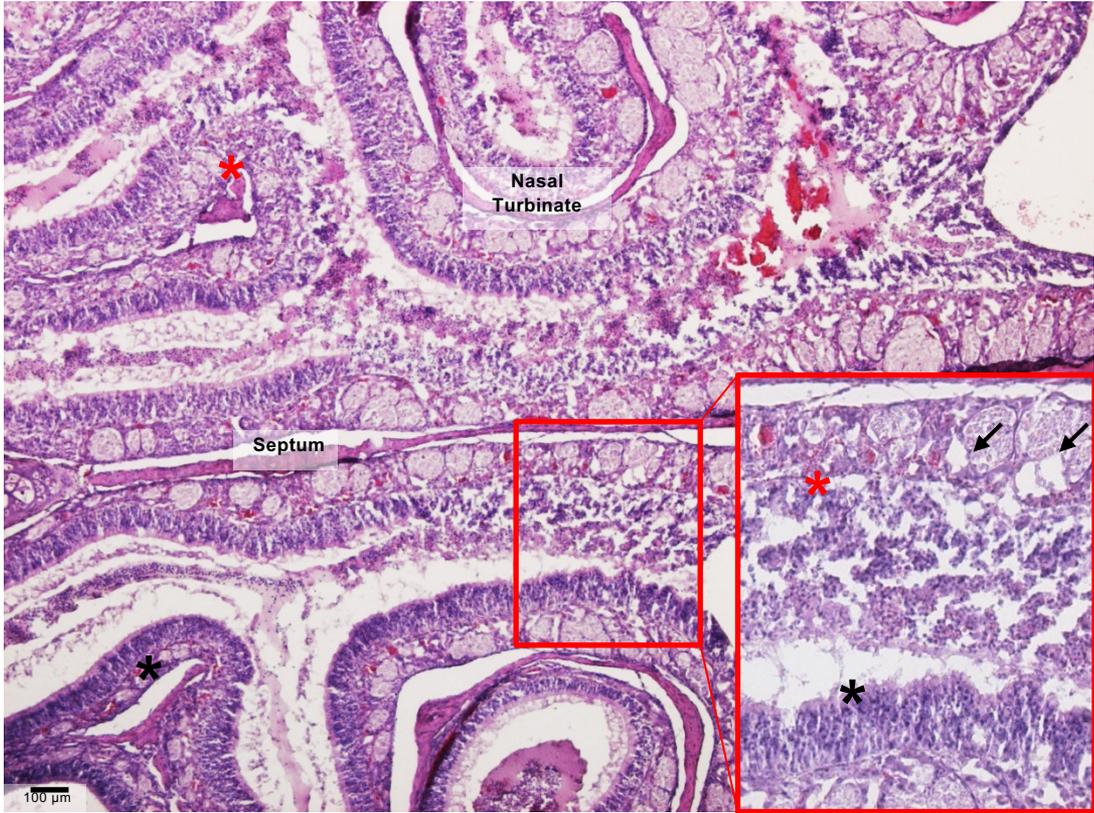


Contrôle



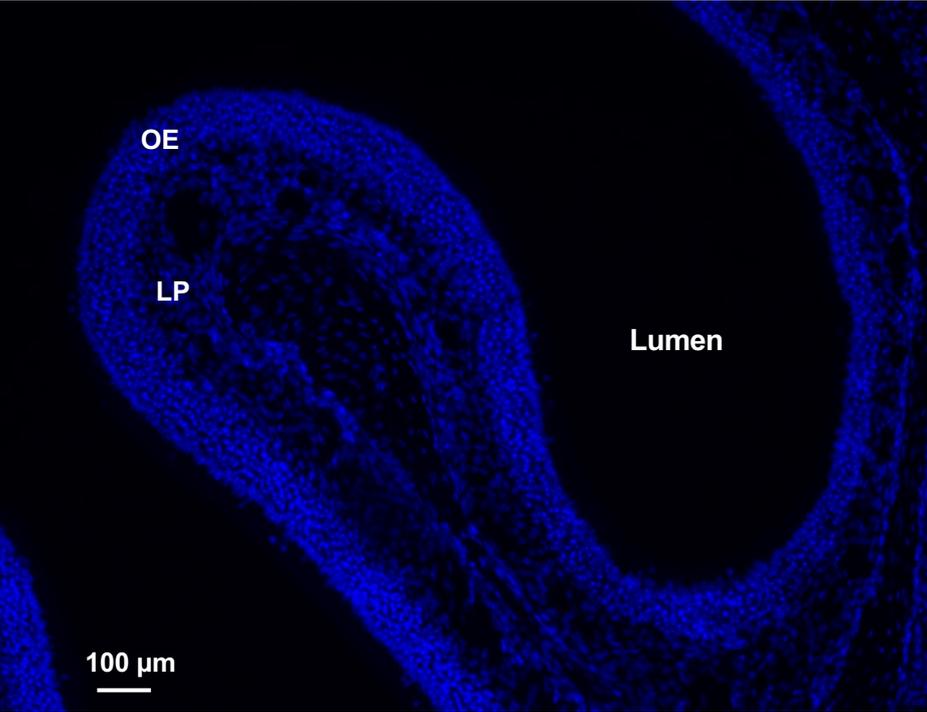
2 jours après infection

# Impact histologique d'une instillation nasale du SARS-CoV-2 chez le hamster

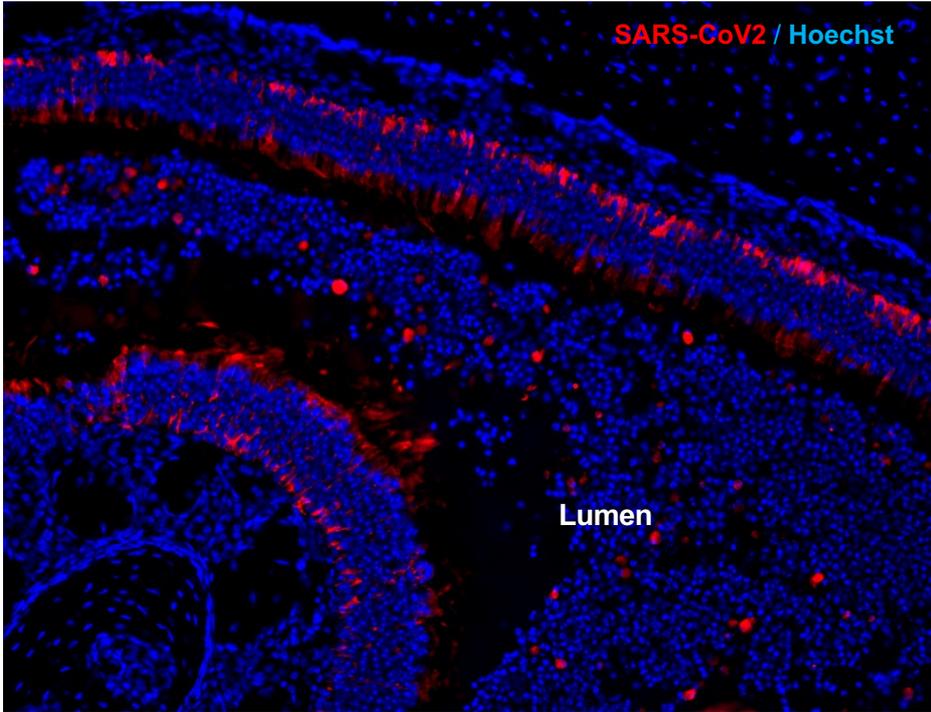


Bryche et al. (2020). Massive transient damage of the olfactory epithelium associated with infection of sustentacular cells by SARS-CoV-2 in golden Syrian hamsters. *Brain Behav Immun* 89, 579-586.

# Presence du SARS-CoV-2 dans l'épithélium olfactif ?

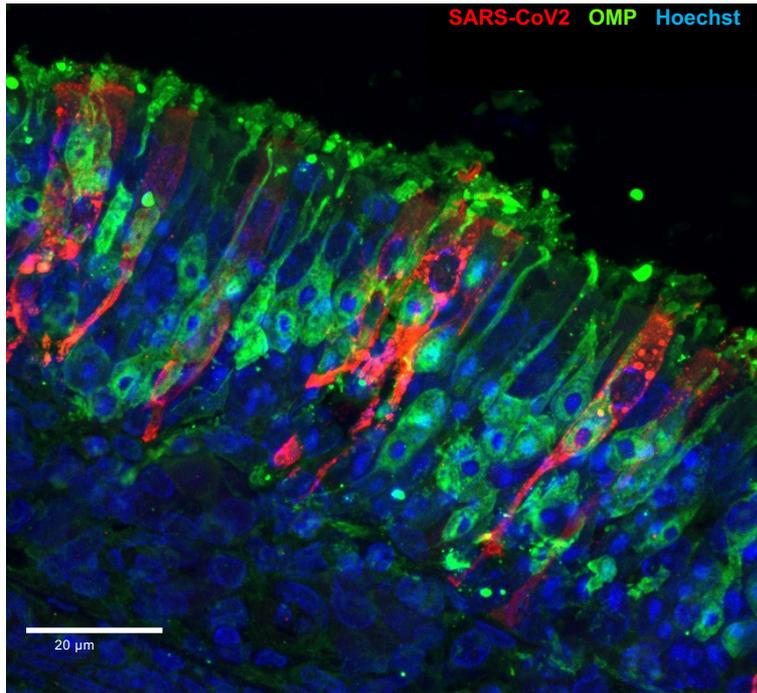


Mock

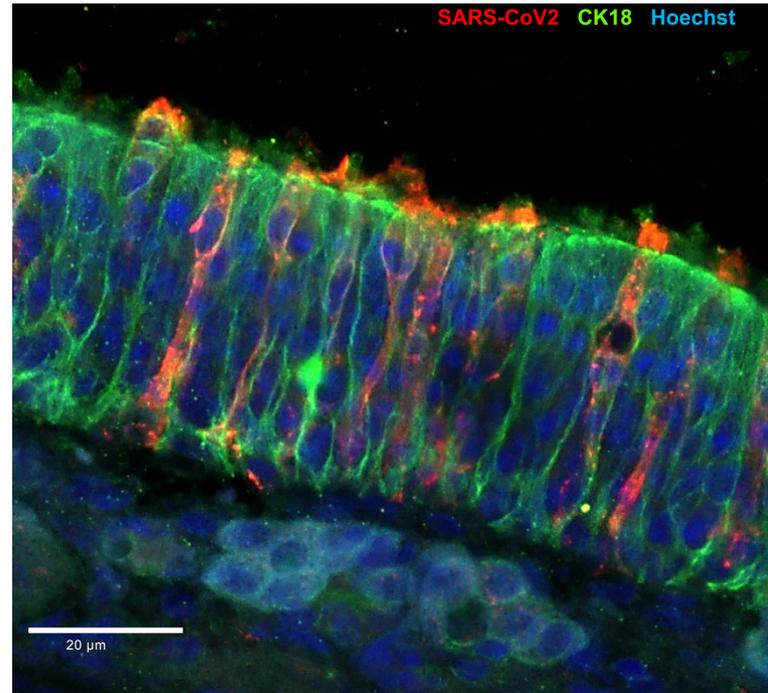


2 DPI

# Cellules infectées dans l'épithélium olfactif ?

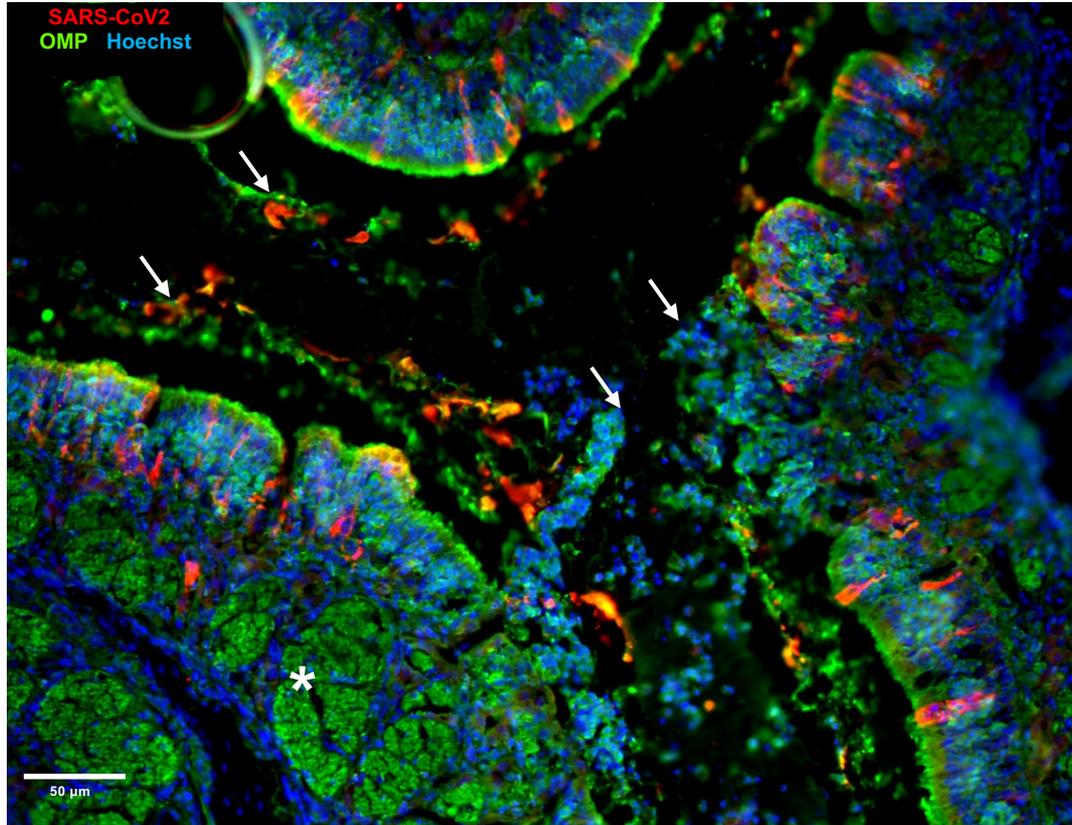


OMP, marker of olfactory neurons

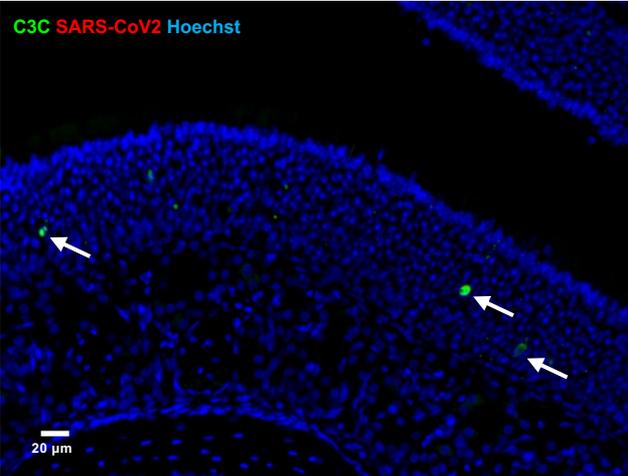


CK18, marker of sustentacular cells

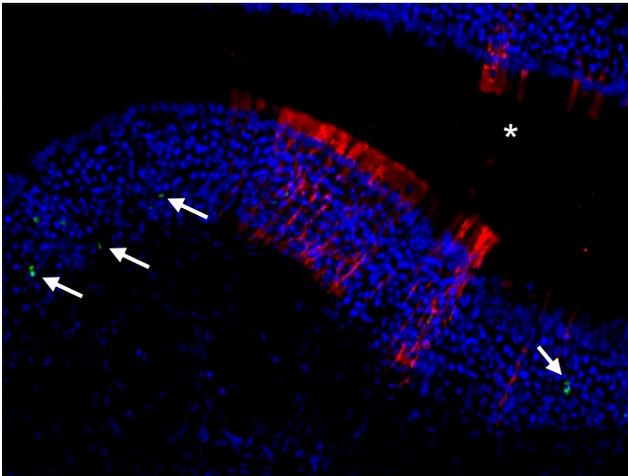
# Perte de neurones olfactifs?



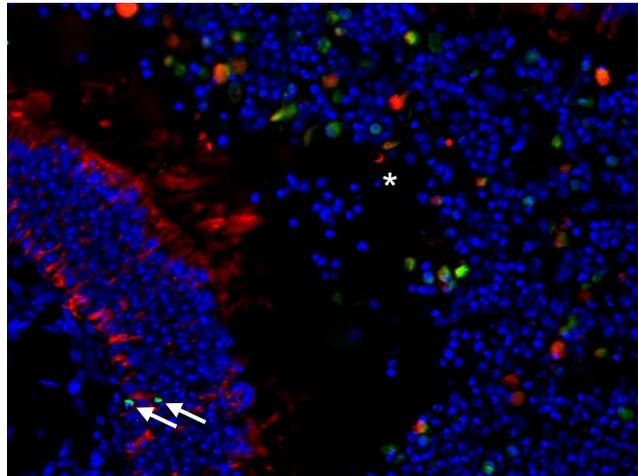
# Mort cellulaire induite par le virus ?



Control

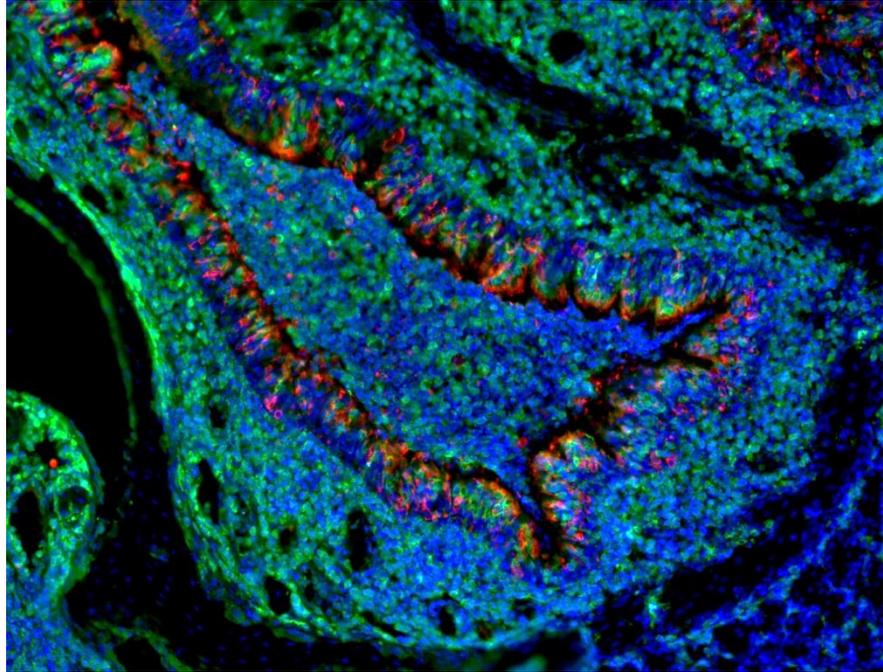
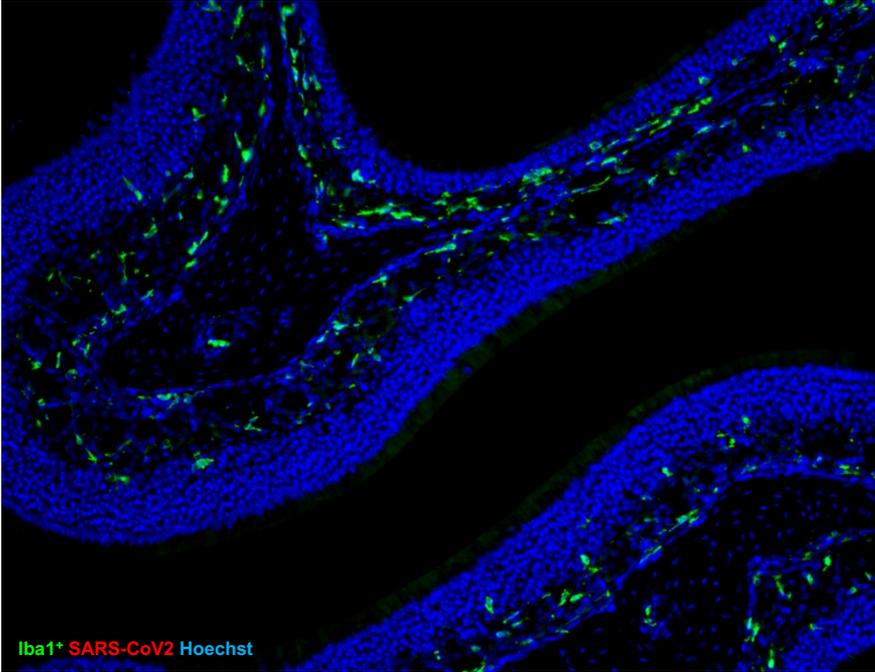


1 dpi: mildly infected zone

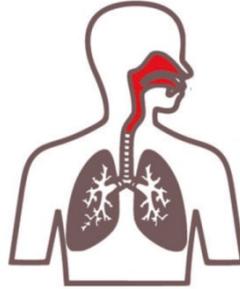


1 dpi: strongly infected zone

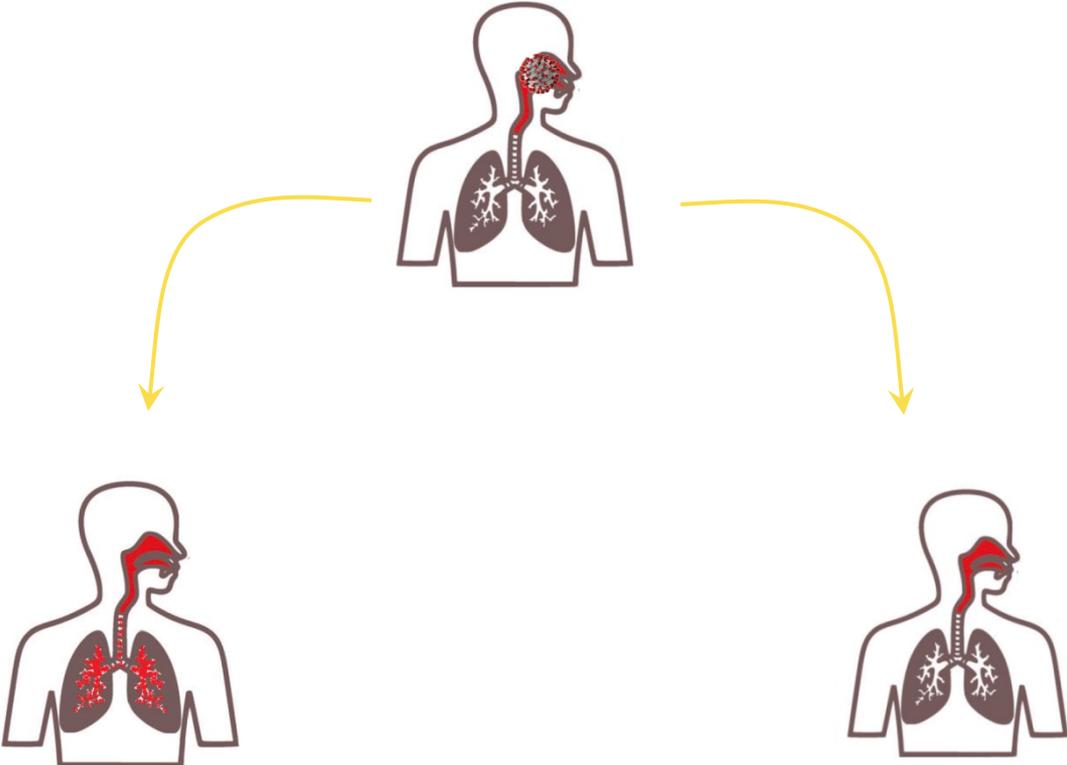
# Importance des cellules immunitaires ?



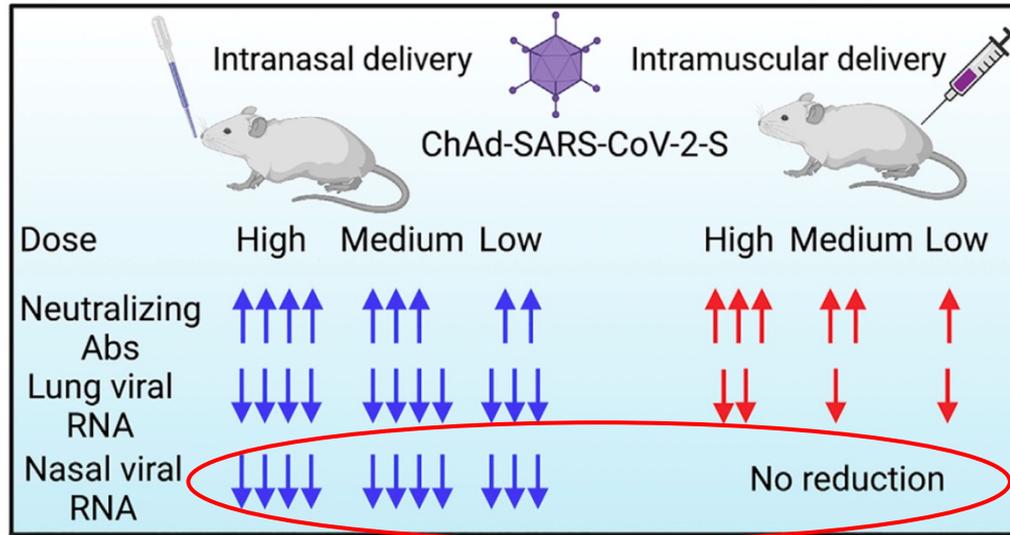
# Traiter la cavité nasale contre la COVID-19 ?



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# Vaccin intranasal ?



Hassan, et al. (2021). An intranasal vaccine durably protects against SARS-CoV-2 variants in mice. *Cell Rep* 36, 109452.

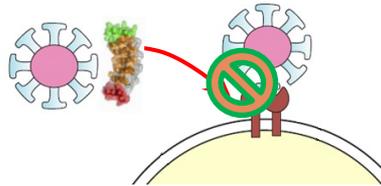
*Transmissibilité ?*

# Développer des antiviraux contre la COVID-19 ?

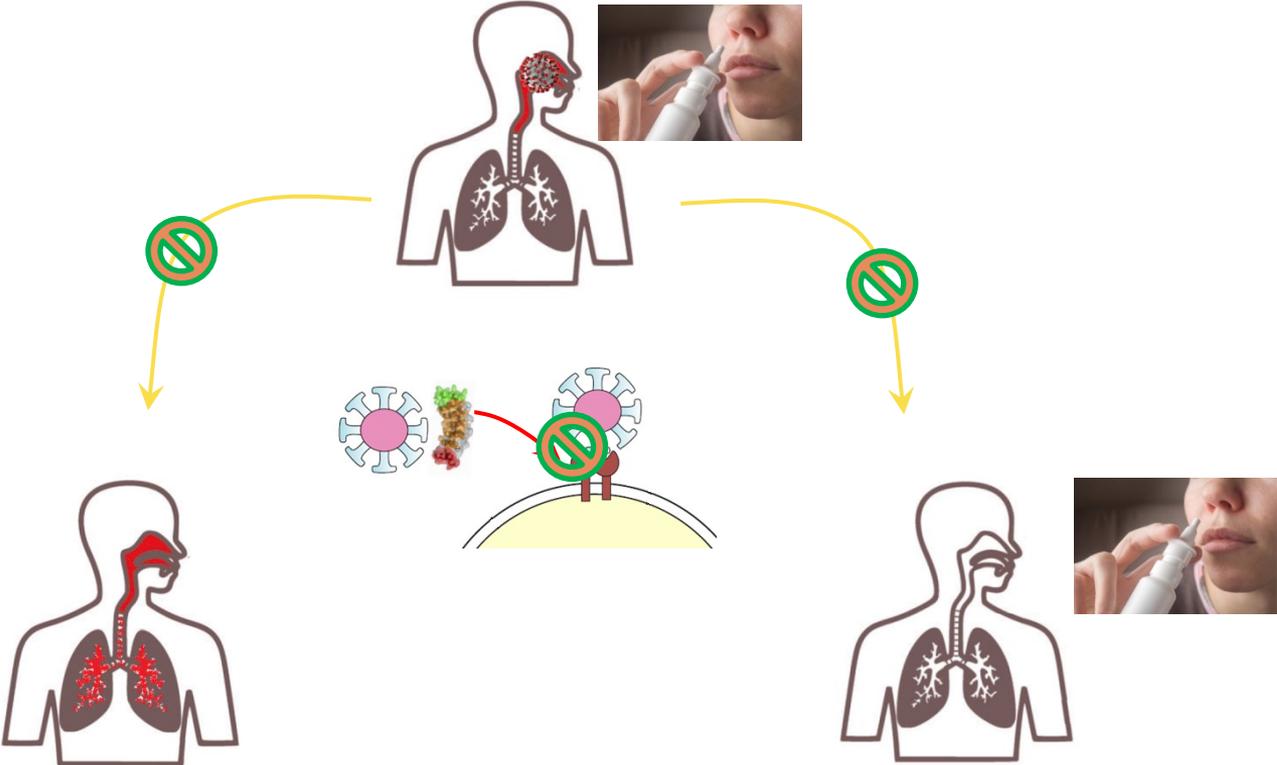


*Petit peptide bactérien avec motif aléatoire  
sélectionné contre le RBD du spike*

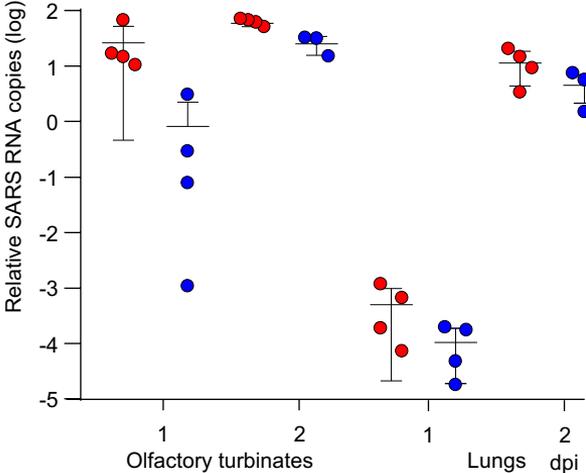
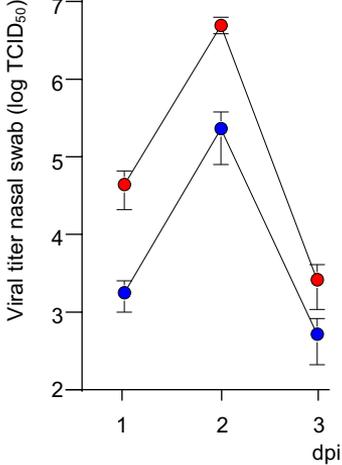
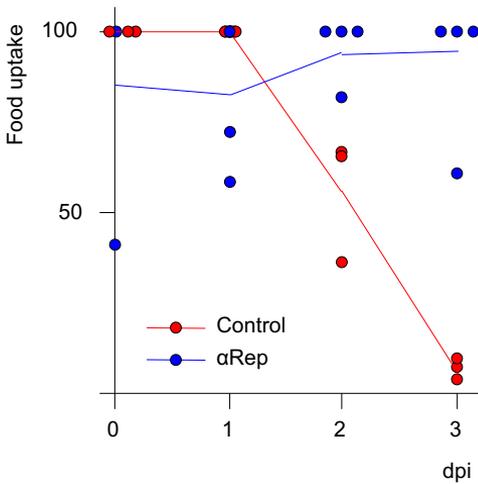
$\alpha$ Rep



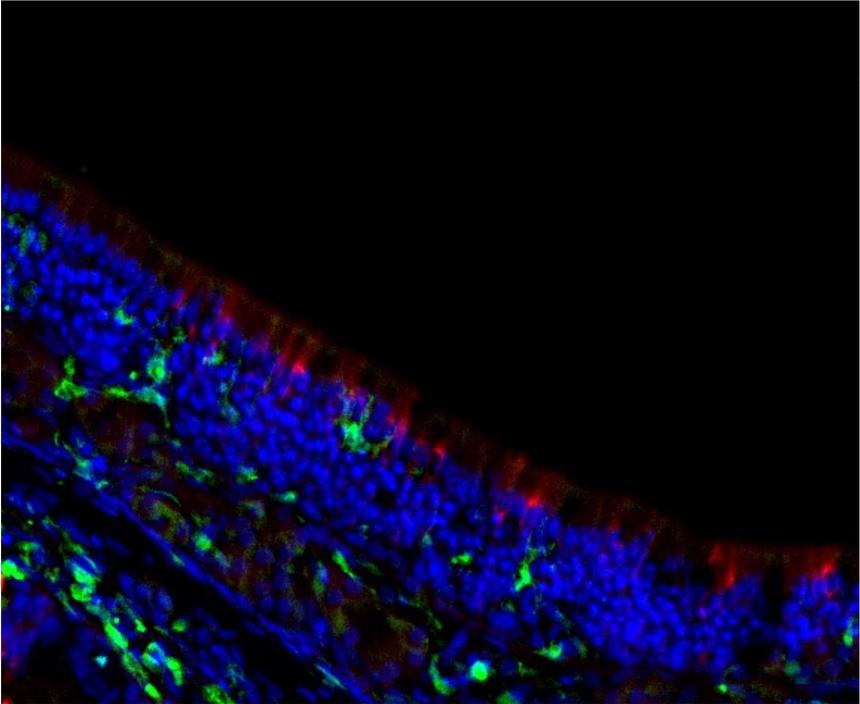
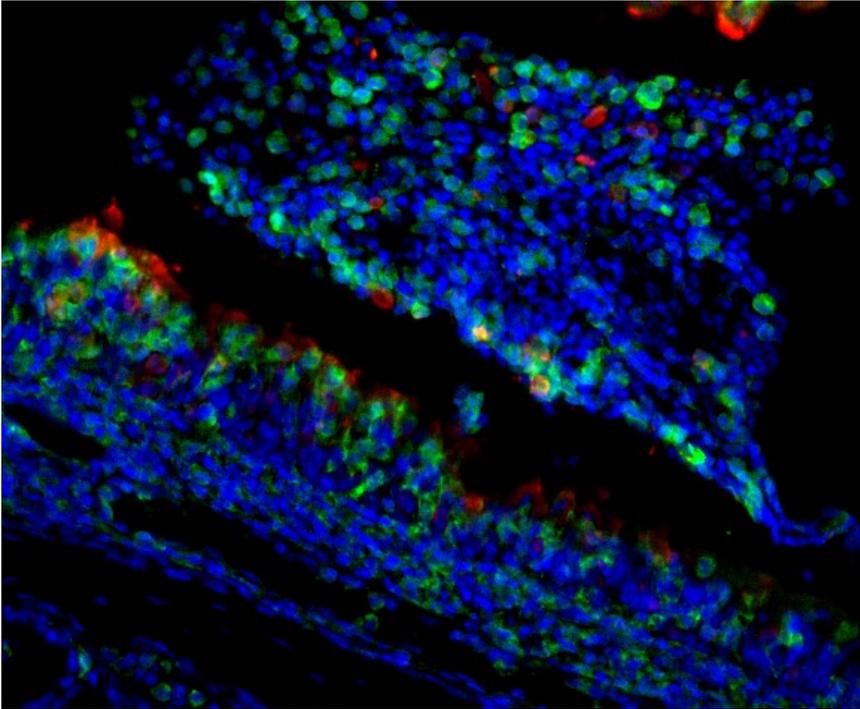
# Développer des antiviraux contre la COVID-19 ?



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*Philippe Marianneau*

*Elodie Montchartre*

*Sandrine Lesellier*

**Bertrand Bryche**

**Audrey St Albin**

**Clara Bourgon**

*Bernard Delmas*

*Stephanie Thebault*

*Audrey Fraysse*

*Olivier Rampin*

*Ronan Le Goffic*

*Christophe Chevalier*

*Bruno Da Costa*



*Sophie Le Poder*

*Bernard Klonjowski*



## Brain, Behavior, and Immunity

Available online 3 July 2020



Massive transient damage of the olfactory epithelium associated with infection of sustentacular cells by SARS-CoV-2 in golden Syrian hamsters



Bertrand Bryche <sup>a</sup>, Audrey St Albin <sup>a</sup>, Severine Murri <sup>b</sup>, Sandra Lacôte <sup>b</sup>, Coralie Pulido <sup>c</sup>, Meriadeg Ar Gouilh <sup>d, e</sup>, Sandrine Lesellier <sup>f</sup>, Alexandre Servat <sup>f</sup>, Marine Wasniewski <sup>f</sup>, Evelyne Picard-Meyer <sup>f</sup>, Elodie Monchatre-Leroy <sup>f</sup>, Romain Volmer <sup>g</sup>, Olivier Rampin <sup>h</sup>, Ronan Le Goffic <sup>a</sup>, Philippe Marianneau <sup>b</sup>, Nicolas Meunier <sup>a, g, h</sup>

